Clinical Issues in Healthcare Man geme.

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Healthcare provision is one of the fundamental roles that governments and the private sectors must get right because the lives of people are at stake. Effective healthcare management and provision depend on the collaboration between the two. However, there are clinical challenges that frustrate the handwork of the private and public sectors. These obstacles have become more complex due to globalization, political, social, and economic dynamics. <u>Healthcare management is facing some stinging clinical issues today, which necessitate effective strategies to address them to ensure that the provision of care services improves.</u>

According to Llewellyn (2001), one of the main clinical issues . hear brace management is the confusing self-identity among the professionals. The healthcare managers have conflicting values for they are unable to distinguish their mail agement roles effectively. These professionals claim that there are no distinct role assigned to them (Llewellyn, 2001). Usually, there is confusion in the distribution of onties an ong the healthcare providers, which compromises the service delivery, especially in the cases of emergencies.

The recruitment problems hospitals race is another major clinical issue in the healthcare management (Loo & Thorpe, 2004). It has become increasingly difficult for these institutions to attract competent managers, and if they do, it is a challenge to retain them. In other words, there is a shilled labor shortage in the healthcare sector. In most cases, the hospitals have to operate with few healthcare management officials or none. The lack of proper management systems puts the operations of the hospitals in jeopardy, as it takes long to get the responsibilities done (Savage & Scott, 2004).

The ever-changing patient demographics such population size, race, and age have an impact on healthcare management. As patient demographics change, there is a need to amend the health-care resources needed and their costs to accommodate these variations (Fitzpatrick & Ellingsen, 2013). The healthcare managers are overwhelmed in their quest to reform their

field of specialization to handle the changes experienced or expected. The anticipated demographic change in the United States by 2050 where the old population will increase by 20.2% is a possible clinical issue in healthcare management. It becomes more challenging when those responsible fail to plan for the resources well (Fitzpatrick & Ellingsen, 2013).

Overspecialization is another clinical issue that affects healthcare management. Most medical students are choosing to take specialized courses and disregard the general ones, including primary care (Fitzpatrick & Ellingsen, 2013). Recent studies indicate that only one primary care physician graduates in every one hundred and fifty medical stracets. This is an alarm as it is the possible cause of the primary care provision problems in the 'bealthcare sector today (Fitzpatrick & Ellingsen, 2013). The regulators of the healthcare field should ensure that there are more medical students taking primary care courses. Alternatively, they should make it mandatory for all medical students to st dy primary care courses to improve healthcare management.

In conclusion, there are many clinical issues in healthcare management. The major ones include improper definition of roles shortage of professionals, changing demographics, and overspecialization among metacar students. These issues are already compromising the operations in the health are field and are likely to continue if the regulators fail to address them immediately. It is important for the medical and healthcare regulators to set up mechanisms to a 'dress the clinical issues faced today to improve service delivery, which will in turn make the lives of those seeking the assistance of these professionals better.

## References

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